2025

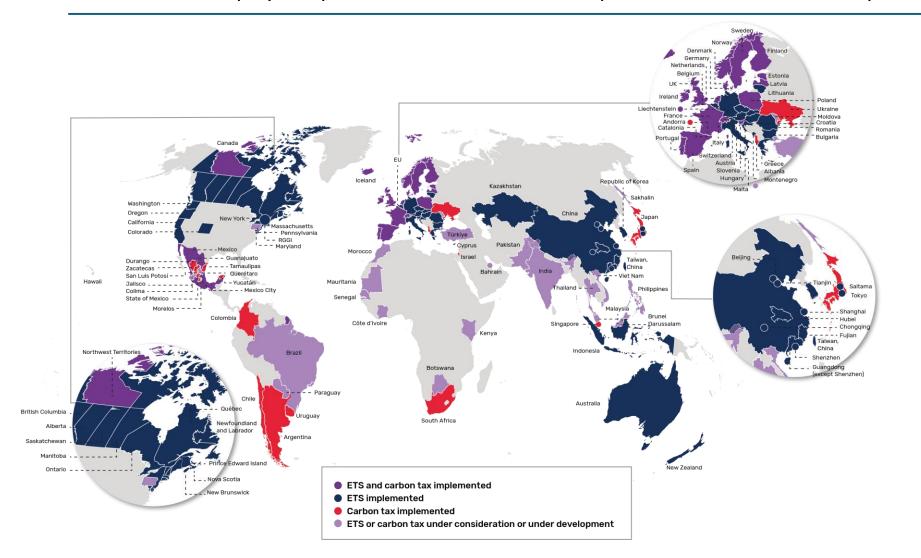
STATE AND TRENDS OF

# carbon pricing

JUNE 10, 2025

### Adoption of carbon pricing continues to grow

Current state of play: Map of ETS and carbon taxes implemented or under development



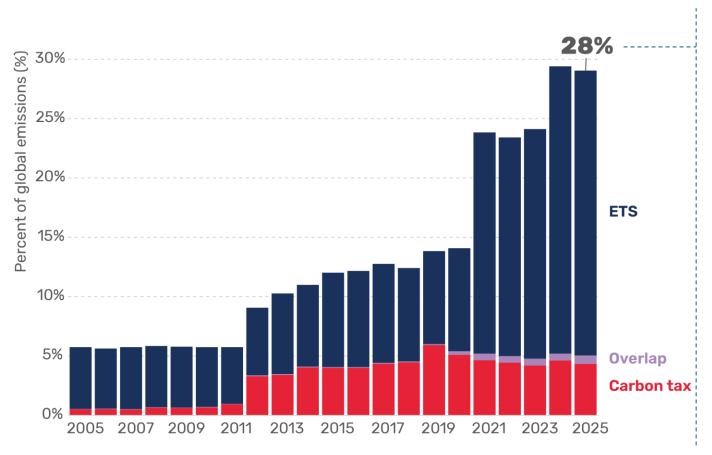
- **80** direct carbon prices implemented
  - + Israel carbon tax
  - Canada federal fuel charge

Brazil, India, and Türkiye are all pursuing an ETS

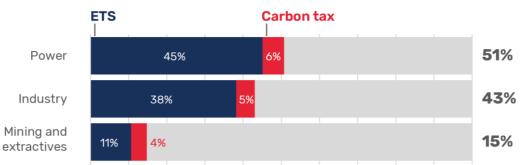
All large middle-income economies have either implemented or are considering carbon pricing

## Over a quarter of global GHG emissions face a carbon price through either an ETS or carbon tax

Percentage of global GHG emissions covered by an ETS or Carbon Tax, 2005-2025



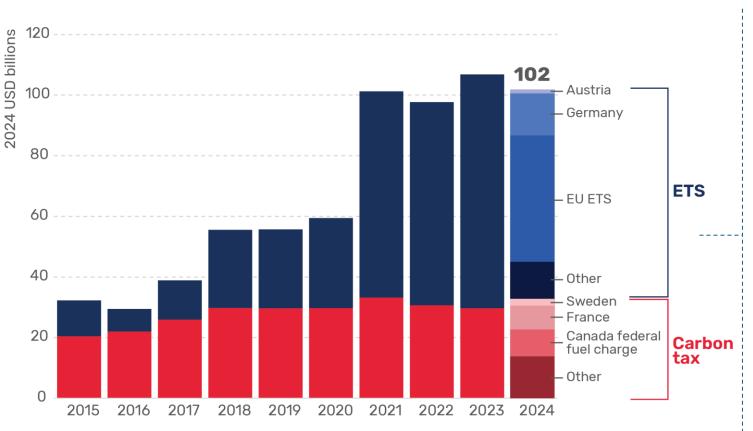
The extension of China's ETS to industrial sectors has significantly increased the global coverage and coverage in global industry sector emissions



Other sectors have lower levels of coverage; agricultural emissions remain unpriced

## Direct carbon pricing continues to mobilize over \$100 billion for public budgets

Total carbon pricing revenues in real (2024 USD) terms, 2015-2024



Revenue declined slightly in 2024 due to lower ETS allowance prices in EU and UK from 2023 levels

Average carbon prices have nearly doubled over the last decade

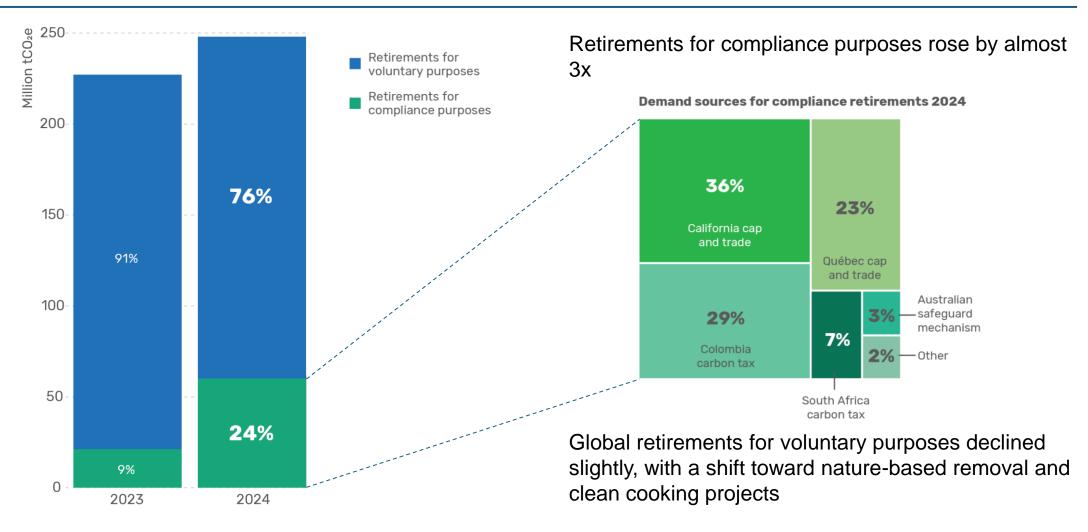
Average carbon price for covered emissions 2015-2025, in USD 2024/tCO2e



2015 2025

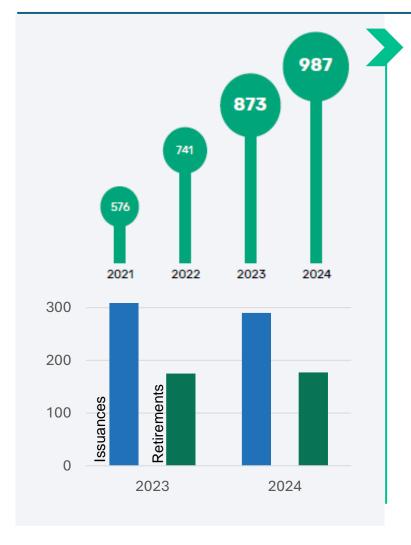
## Global carbon credit retirements increased due to shortterm spike in demand for compliance purposes

Volume of carbon credits retired for voluntary and compliance purposes, 2023 and 2024



#### There is a growing surplus of unretired credits in the market

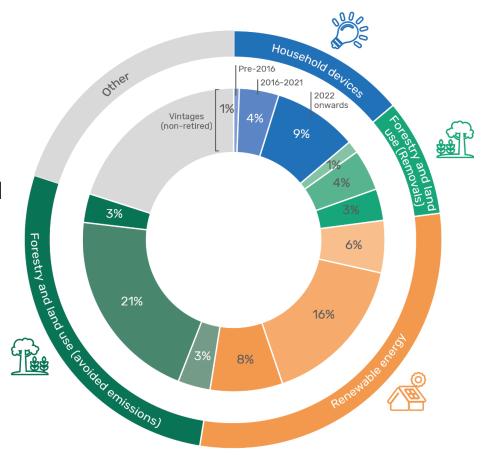
Unretired credits from independent crediting mechanisms in 2024, by project type and vintage



The pool of **unretired** credits from independent crediting mechanisms approached 1 billion

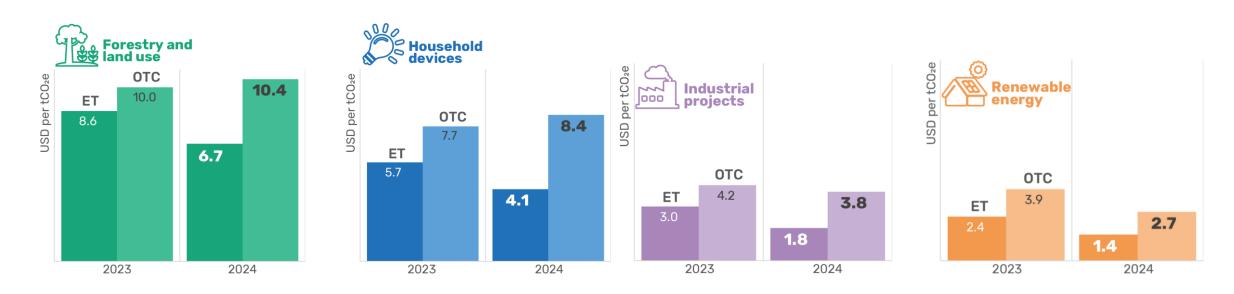
Are credits issued before 2022

Are credits from either forestry and land use or renewables



## Overall carbon credit prices declined slightly, but with a price premium for over-the-counter transactions

Comparisons between annual average of exchange traded and over-the-counter prices



Buyers are willing to pay more for nature-based removals.

Credits traded over-the-counter attracted a premium compared to credits traded through standardized, exchange-traded contracts  $\rightarrow$  greater flexibility to pursue specific purchasing strategies.

## Recap of key highlights

#### **Carbon Pricing**



All large middle-income economies have either implemented or are considering direct carbon pricing



Expansion of carbon taxes and ETSs has increased the proportion of global emissions facing a direct carbon price



Direct carbon pricing continues to mobilize over \$100 billion for public budgets

#### **Carbon Credit Markets**



Global carbon credit retirements increased due to a short-term spike in demand for compliance purposes



There is a growing surplus of unretired credits in the market, with perhaps a reluctance to use "legacy" credits.



Credit prices softened slightly, but with observed premiums credits from nature-based removal projects

## Thank you